Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

			2 of 1968, as		nd P.A. 71 of 1919	, as amended.						
Loc	al Unit	of Go	vernment Typ	е			Local Unit Nam	е		County		
_	Coun		City	⊠Twp	□Village	Other	Reeder Tov	wnship		Missaukee		
100	al Yea				Opinion Date			Date Audit Report				
3-	31-2	006			6-7-06			August	2, 2006			
Wea	affirm	that	:									
We a	are ce	ertifie	ed public ac	ccountants	s licensed to p	ractice in M	lichigan.					
We f	urthe agen	er affi nent	rm the follo Letter (repo	owing mate ort of com	erial, "no" resp ments and rec	conses hav	e been disclos ions).	sed in the financial	statements, includi	ng the notes, or in the		
	YES	9	Check ea	ach applic	able box bel	ow. (See in	structions for	further detail.)				
1.	X		All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.									
2.	\times		There are (P.A. 275	no accun 5 of 1980)	nulated deficit or the local u	s in one or	more of this u	nit's unreserved fu oudget for expendit	nd balances/unrest	ricted net assets		
3.	X								the Department of	Treasury.		
4.		×					equired funds.			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
5.	\times		A public h	nearing on	the budget w	as held in a	ccordance wit	th State statute.				
6.	\boxtimes		The local	unit has n	not violated the	e Municipal		an order issued un	der the Emergency	Municipal Loan Act, or		
7.	×		The local	unit has n	not been deline	quent in dis	tributing tax re	evenues that were	collected for anothe	er taxing unit.		
8.	×							with statutory req				
9.	\times		The local	unit has n	o illegal or un	authorized	expenditures		ttention as defined i	n the Bulletin for		
10.	\times		There are that have	no indica	tions of defalo	cation, fraud	d or embezzler	ment, which came	to our attention dur Division (LAFD). If	ing the course of our audit there is such activity that has		
11.	×						from previous	(5)				
12.	×		79577 095		UNQUALIFIE		0 8 8 2000	************				
13.	\times		The local accepted	unit has c	complied with	GASB 34 o	r GASB 34 as	modified by MCG	AA Statement #7 ar	nd other generally		
14.	×						rior to paymer	nt as required by cl	harter or statute.			
15.	×							d were performed t				
des I, th	uded cripti e und	in to on(s dersi	of governments or any of the autograph, certification of governments of the second of	ment (auth other auc hority and fy that this	horities and co dit report, nor or commission statement is	ommissions do they of on, complete a	s included) is obtain a stand-	operating within the alone audit, pleas all respects.	e boundaries of the se enclose the nan	e audited entity and is not ne(s), address(es), and a		
vve	nave	e en	closed the	tollowing	g:	Enclosed	Not Require	d (enter a brief justific	cation)			
Fin	ancia	I Sta	tements			\boxtimes						
The	e lette	er of	Comments	and Reco	ommendations							
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)									
121111111111111111111111111111111111111			Accountant (Fi) <u>.</u>			Telephone Number 231-775-9789				
_	et Add							City	State Z	ip		
			Harris Stre	eet				Cadillac	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	49601		
Auth							inted Name onathan E. D	Name License Number than E. Damhof, C.P.A. 1101022613				

$\frac{\text{REEDER TOWNSHIP, MISSAUKEE COUNTY}}{\text{LAKE CITY, MICHIGAN}}$

MARCH 31, 2006

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Baird, Cotter and Bishop, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 7, 2006

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JOHN H. BISHOP, C.P.A. ROBERT V. BEATTIE, C.P.A.

DOUGLAS P. McMULLEN, C.P.A.

JOHN F. TAYLOR, C.P.A. STEVEN C. ARENDS, C.P.A. SCOTT A. HUNTER., C.P.A. JONATHAN E. DAMHOF, C.P.A. MICHAEL D. COOL, C.P.A.

To the Township Board Reeder Township Missaukee County Lake City, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Reeder Township, Missaukee County, Lake City, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Reeder Township, Missaukee County, Lake City, Michigan as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note I, the Township has implemented a new financial reporting model as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments as of April 1, 2004.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages iii through ix and budgetary comparison information on page 19 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Reeder Township, Missaukee County, Lake City, Michigan's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements, and other supplementary information are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cotter & Bishop, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

Reeder Township, a general law township located in Missaukee County has implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). The Management's Discussion and Analysis, a requirement of GASB 34, is intended to be the Reeder Township board's discussion and analysis of the financial results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

Financial Highlights

- ♦ The assets of the Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$302,252. Of this amount, \$198,243 may be used to meet the township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ◆ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$210,847. About 94.0% is available for spending at the Township's discretion.
- The Township is not obligated under any long-term debt as of March 31, 2006.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components. 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements, required by GASB 34, are new and being shown for the first time in 2006 for Reeder Township. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are calculated using full accrual accounting and more closely represent those presented by business and industry. The entire Township's assets and liabilities, both short and long-term, are reported. As such, these statements include capital assets, net of related depreciation.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the Township's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township's that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Fund Financial Statements

The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis in that only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statement, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Township does not maintain any proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report further presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Statement of Net Assets is the first statement in the Government-Wide Financial Statements section of this document. This statement is useful for providing an indicator of the Township's financial position over time. The Net Assets of the Township are \$302,252 at March 31, 2006, meaning the Township's assets were greater than its liabilities by this amount.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

Reeder Township Net Assets as of March 31, 2006

	<u> </u>	overnmental Activities
Assets		
Current Assets	\$	216,987
Non Current Assets		
Capital Assets		109,453
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		18,048
Total Non Current Assets		91,405
Total Assets	\$	308,392
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$	6,140
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets		91,405
Restricted for Specific Purposes		12,604
Unrestricted		198,243
Total Net Assets		302,252
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	308,392

The most significant portions of the Township's Net Assets are cash and investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and others). The Township has \$198,243 in unrestricted Net Assets. These assets represent resources that are available for appropriation, but are limited by Township policies regarding their use.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities.

The total net assets of the Township increased by \$86,686 in this fiscal year, which is an indicator that the Township experienced positive financial growth during the year. As a result, the Township ended the fiscal year in better condition then when the year began.

The following table illustrates and summarizes the results of the changes in the net assets for the Township. The condensed information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

Reeder Township Change in Net Assets for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities
Revenues	
Program Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 2,870
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,800
General Revenues	
Taxes	92,446
State Grants	79,858
Interest Earnings	2,021
Other	651
Total Revenues	182,646
Expenses	
Legislative	3,284
General Government	65,480
Public Safety	14,706
Public Works	4,545
Other Functions	7,945
Total Expenses	95,960
Changes in Net Assets	86,686
NET ASSETS – Beginning of Year	215,566
NET ASSETS – End of Year	\$ 302,252

Governmental Activities

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, the Township's net assets increased by \$86,686 in the governmental funds. The majority of this increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues have outstripped similar increases in ongoing expenses. This is true despite the fact that GASB 34 now requires the Township to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and the accumulation of depreciation expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation expense is a reduction in net assets.

The most significant portion of the revenue for all governmental activities of Reeder Township comes from property taxes. The Township levied 1.4815 mills for operating purposes and 1.9291 mills for road improvement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

State shared revenue is collected by the State of Michigan and distributed to local governments by formula allocation of portions of the State sales tax.

The Township's governmental activities expenses are dominated by general governmental expenses that total 68.2% of total expenses. The Township spent \$65,480 in fiscal year 2006 on General Administrative expenses. Public Safety represented the next largest expense at \$14,706, or 15.3% of total expenses. Expenses for salaries and contracted services represent a large portion of the General Administrative expenses at \$30,320. Depreciation expense added another \$1,772. An additional \$1,868 of depreciation expense was charged to Public Works.

Business-Type Activities

The Township does not maintain any Business-Type Activities.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Funds The focus of Reeder Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirement. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Reeder Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$210,847. Approximately 94.0%, or \$198,243 constitutes unreserved fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved for specific purposes and is therefore not available for new appropriation. For example, the fund balance that is reserved for road improvement must be used for expenditures that relate to road improvement.

General Fund – The General Fund increased its fund balance by \$3,922 which brings the fund balance to \$198,243. The General Fund's fund balance is unreserved. All of the General Fund's functions, except for General Government, ended the year with expenditures below budgeted amounts. The General Government differential was funded by available fund balance. Property taxes amounted to \$38,356. State shared revenues were collected in the amount of \$76,551.

Road Fund – The Road Fund increased its fund balance by \$6,878 which brings the fund balance to \$6,878. This balance is reserved and must be used for road improvements. Property taxes collected amounted to \$49,946.

Budget Stabilization Fund – The Budget Stabilization Fund increased its fund balance by \$23 which brings the fund balance to \$5,726. This balance is reserved and must be used for budget stabilization.

Proprietary Fund – The Township does not maintain any proprietary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Township's investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of March 31, 2006 amounted to \$91,405 net of accumulated depreciation. The Township invested \$79,503 in capital assets for the current fiscal year.

Capital assets summarized below include any items purchased with a cost greater than \$2,000 individually and that have a useful life greater than one year. A summary of capital asset categories is illustrated below:

Reeder Township Capital Assets as of March 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities
Land	\$ 101
Building Improvements	29,849
Infrastructure	74,703
Equipment	4,800
	109,453
Less Accumulated Depreciation	18,048
Net Capital Assets	\$ 91,405

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include:

- Paved Cadillac Rd from VDM Rd to Forward Rd at a cost of \$74,703.
- Acquired a ballot scanner through a state grant at an approximate value of \$4,800.

Long-Term Debt. Reeder Township has no obligation for any long-term debt as of March 31, 2006.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The unemployment rate is still high in the State of Michigan and the State's shortfall in the budget means potential further reductions in state-shared revenues.

A road millage will be once again levied for the 2006 tax roll.

These factors were considered in preparing the Township's budgets for the 2006-07 fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact Reeder Township at 3049 S. Vandermeulen Road, Lake City, Michigan 49651.

$\frac{\text{REEDER TOWNSHIP, MISSAUKEE COUNTY}}{\text{LAKE CITY, MICHIGAN}}$

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2006

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
<u>CURRENT ASSETS</u>	
Cash	\$ 186,494
Receivables	
Taxes	12,160
External Parties (Fiduciary Funds)	18
Due from Other Governments	18,315
Total Current Assets	216,987
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Land	101
Building Improvements	29,849
Infrastructure	74,703
Equipment	4,800
• •	109,453
Less Accumulated Depreciation	18,048
Net Capital Assets	91,405
TOTAL ASSETS	308,392
LIABILITIES	
<u>CURRENT LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	4,983
Payroll Taxes and Withholdings	1,157
Total Current Liabilities	6,140
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets	91,405
Restricted for	,
Road Improvement	6,878
Budget Stabilization	5,726
Unrestricted	198,243
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 302,252

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	EX	PENSES		F ARGES FOR ERVICES	G	GRAM REVENUE OPERATING GRANTS AND NTRIBUTIONS	GR.	CAPITAL ANTS AND FRIBUTIONS	RE AND IN NI GOVE	EXPENSES) VENUES CHANGE ET ASSETS FOTAL RNMENTAL TIVITIES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Legislative	\$	3,284	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(3,284)
General Government		65,480		2,870		0		4,800		(57,810)
Public Safety		14,706		0		0		0		(14,706)
Public Works		4,545		0		0		0		(4,545)
Other Functions		7,945		0		0		0		(7,945)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	95,960	\$	2,870	\$	0	\$	4,800	-	(88,290)
	GEN	ERAL RE	VENU.	ES						
		xes								92,446
		ate Grants								79,858
	Int	erest Earni	ngs							2,021
	Ot	her								651
		Total Gene	ral Rev	venues						174,976
Change in Net Assets										86,686
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year									215,566	
	<u>NET</u>	ASSETS -	End o	f Year					\$	302,252

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2006

	GENERAL FUND		ROAD FUND		BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND		TOTALS	
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash	\$	180,768	\$	0	\$	5,726	\$	186,494
Taxes Receivable		5,282		6,878		0		12,160
Due From Other Governments		18,315		0		0		18,315
Due From Other Funds		18		0		0		18
Total Assets	\$	204,383	\$	6,878	\$	5,726	\$	216,987
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes and Withholdings Total Liabilities	\$	4,983 1,157 6,140	\$	0 0	\$	0 0	\$	4,983 1,157 6,140
FUND BALANCE								
Reserved for:								
Road Improvement		0		6,878		0		6,878
Budget Stabilization		0		0		5,726		5,726
Unreserved		100.242		0		0		100 2 12
Undesignated		198,243		0		<u>0</u>		198,243
Total Fund Balance		198,243		6,878		5,726		210,847
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	204,383	\$	6,878	\$	5,726	\$	216,987

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$	210,847
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the		
Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land 101		
Building Improvements 29,849		
Infrastructure 74,703		
Equipment 4,800		
Accumulated Depreciation (18,048))	91,405

\$

302,252

NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	G	ENERAL			STA	BUDGET ABILIZATION		
	0.	FUND	R	OAD FUND	~ 11	FUND	Τ	OTALS
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	42,500	\$	49,946	\$	0	\$	92,446
State Grants		81,351		3,307		0		84,658
Charges for Services		2,870		0		0		2,870
Interest and Rents		1,998		0		23		2,021
Other Revenues		651		0		0		651
Total Revenues		129,370		53,253		23		182,646
EXPENDITURES								
Legislative		3,284		0		0		3,284
General Government		68,508		0		0		68,508
Public Safety		14,706		0		0		14,706
Public Works		0		77,380		0		77,380
Other Functions		7,945		0		0		7,945
Total Expenditures		94,443		77,380		0		171,823
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		34,927		(24,127)		23		10,823
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		0		31,005		0		31,005
Transfers Out		(31,005)		0		0		(31,005)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(31,005)		31,005		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,922		6,878		23		10,823
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		194,321		0		5,703		200,024
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$	198,243	\$	6,878	\$	5,726	\$	210,847

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MARCH 31, 2006

Net change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 10,823
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures in the statement of	
activities. These costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as	
depreciation.	
Depreciation Expense	(3,640)
Capital Outlay	 79,503
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 86,686

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MARCH 31, 2006

AGGETG	AGENCY	FUNDS
ASSETS Cash	\$	18
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Due to General Fund	\$	18

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Reeder Township is a general law township located in Missaukee County which operates under the direction of an elected township board. Under the criteria established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Township has determined that there are no component units which should be included in its reporting entity.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

During fiscal year 2005, the Township adopted GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 37 and No. 38, and applied those standards on a retroactive basis. GASB Statement No. 34 establishes standards for external financial reporting for state and local governments and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following three net asset categories.

Invested in Capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, and contributions, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Township as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous financial reporting model.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Reeder Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Road Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for road maintenance.

The *Budget Stabilization Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to stabilizing the budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

Additionally, Reeder Township reports the following fund types:

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the Township holds for others in an agency capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions involved. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

The investment policy adopted by the Township states that the treasurer may invest Township funds in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union meets all criteria as a depository of public funds contained in state law.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of

interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of the date they are levied. State education taxes and one-third of county taxes are levied and due July 1, and become delinquent after September 14. The remaining millages are levied and due December 1, and become delinquent after February 14. Collections of taxes and remittances of them are accounted for in the Current Tax Collection Fund. Township property tax revenues are recognized when they become both

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

measurable and available for use to finance Township operations. Amounts which are not expected to be collected within sixty days are treated as deferred revenues.

The 2005 taxable valuation of Reeder Township totaled \$25,889,902, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.4815 mills for Reeder Township operating purposes and 1.9291 mills for road improvements. The levies raised \$38,356 for operating purposes and \$49,946 for road improvements.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are not significant and are expensed as acquired.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>ASSETS</u>	YEARS
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20
Land improvements	20
Infrastructure	20
Vehicles	5
Equipment and Furniture	5-10

Reeder Township qualifies as a phase 3 governmental unit in regards to the implementation of GASB 34. Phase 3 governmental units are not required to retroactively capitalize infrastructure. As a result, the Township began to capitalize and depreciate infrastructure April 1, 2004, in accordance with the Township's capitalization policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

6. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

7. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis in accordance with the requirements of Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 "The Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act". A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments. Appropriations lapse at year end. Budget amounts are as originally adopted on March 9, 2005, or as amended by the Township Board from time to time throughout the year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and activity. The Township Board exercises budgetary control over expenditures.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the Township because it is, at present, not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

B. Funds with expenditures in excess of appropriations were as follows:

	 APPROPRIATIONS]	EXPENDITURES		
General Fund					
General Government	\$ 66,500	\$	68,508		

These overages were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and available fund balance.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Township's deposits are all on deposit with Chemical Bank West in Cadillac, Michigan.

Investment rate risk. The Township will minimize Interest Rate Risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investing pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Township's cash requirement.

Foreign currency risk. The Township is not authorized to invest in investments, which have this type of risk.

Credit risk. The Township will minimize Custodial Credit Risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities listed in the Township's investment policy; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealer, intermediaries and advisors with which the Township will do business in accordance with the Township's investment policy.

Concentration of credit risk. The Township will minimize Concentration of Credit Risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2006, \$80,768 of the government's bank balance of \$186,836 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Township's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Township at year end. Category 1 includes

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the Township or the Township's agent in the Township's name. Category 2 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or its agent in the Township's name. Category 3 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or its agent but not in the Township's name. At year end, the Township held no investments.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds are as follows:

	General	Road	Total		
Receivables					
Taxes	\$ 5,282	\$ 6,878	\$	12,160	
Due from Other Governments	18,315	0		18,315	
Total	\$ 23,597	\$ 6,878	\$	30,475	

The allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered to be material for disclosure. As a result, its uncollectible accounts are virtually nil.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the fiscal year, the Township did not have any deferred revenue.

No deferred revenue was recorded in any of the funds at the end of the current fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

C. Capital Assets

Primary Government									
		eginning	_		_		Ending		
	<u>H</u>	Balance	Iı	ncreases	Dec	reases	Balance		
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$_	101	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 101		
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Building Improvements		29,849		0		0	29,849		
Infrastructure		0		74,703		0	74,703		
Equipment		0		4,800		0	4,800		
Total capital assets, being depreciated		29,849		79,503		0	109,352		
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Building Improvements		14,408		1,492		0	15,900		
Infrastructure		0		1,868		0	1,868		
Equipment		0		280		0	280		
Total accumulated depreciation		14,408		3,640		0	18,048		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	15,441		75,863		0	91,304		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	15,542	\$	75,863	\$	0	\$ 91,405		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General Government	\$ 1,772
Public Works	1,868
	\$ 3,640

Construction Commitments:

The government has no outstanding construction commitments as of March 31, 2006.

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at March 31, 2006, were:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

		INTERFUND		INTERFUND
		RECEIVABLES	PAYABLES	
<u>Fund</u>		DUE FROM'S		DUE TO'S
General Fund	\$	18	\$	0
Fiduciary Fund				
Current Tax Collection Fund	_	0		18
Total Primary Government	\$_	18	\$	18

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All are expected to be resolved within one year.

Interfund Transfers as of March 31, 2006 were:

		TRANSFERS				
		IN		OUT		
Primary Government				_		
General Fund	\$	0	\$	31,005		
Road Fund	_	31,005		0		
	\$_	31,005	\$	31,005		

Transfers are used (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

E. Long-Term Debt

At March 31, 2006, the Township was not obligated for any long-term debt.

F. Fund Balance Reserves

In order to comply with generally accepted accounting principles and meet certain legal requirements, the Township has reserved fund balances in various funds. These reserves are detailed in the following schedule:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS

Reserved

Special Revenue Funds

Road Fund

Road Improvement \$ 6,878

Budget Stabilization Fund

Budget Stabilization 5,726

TOTAL FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS RESERVES

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Township participates in a pool of municipalities within the State of Michigan for self-insuring property and casualty, crime, general liability, workers compensation insurance and errors and omissions insurance. The Township pays annual premiums to the pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event the pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessments to make up the deficiency. The Township has not been informed of any special assessments being required for the current year or the three prior years.

The Township continues to carry insurance for other risks of loss, including fidelity bonds.

B. Lake Missaukee Area Fire Authority

The Lake Missaukee Area Fire Authority is a joint venture by and between the City of Lake City and the townships of Caldwell, Forest, Lake, Pioneer and Reeder. This joint venture was created to provide fire protections for the listed governments. Each municipality pays an annual base amount equal to one-half of one mill of taxable value of the real property located in the areas of the municipality covered by this agreement. In addition, the Township pays at least \$150 per fire run within the township which could be reimbursed.

In addition to the annual contribution, each township was required to contribute monies in order to construct a fire station.

For the year ended March 31, 2006, the Township contributed a total of \$14,706 to the Fire Authority.

The following information was taken from the Fire Authority's March 31, 2005 audited financial statements:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

Total Net Assets	\$ 479,585
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	460,976
Fund Balance – Unreserved	18,609
Total Revenues	126,373
Total Expenditures	277,140
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	100,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	(50,767)

A copy of these audited financial statements may be obtained upon request from the Fire Authority Treasurer.

C. Financing Arrangements

On December 29, 2004, Lake Township cosigned a loan from Chemical Bank West in the amount of \$100,000. This loan is the responsibility of Lake Missaukee Area Fire Authority. The loan was used to purchase a new fire truck which is collateral for the loan. Payments are due annually beginning June 5, 2005, in installments of \$21,711 including interest at 3.49%. The loan is due in full by June 1, 2009. In the event of default by the Fire Authority, the Township would potentially be liable for the unpaid balance on the loan. The assets and debt associated with the asset are not shown on the Township records. Both will be accounted for in the Fire Authority's records. No liability has been recorded as of year end, as it is unlikely that the Township will need to disburse any funds.

D. Property Tax Administration Fee

The Township passed a resolution to charge 1% administration fee on summer ad valorem taxes levied.

The Township has determined that authorized costs of tax collection will be repeatedly in excess of the revenue generated by the administration fee so that a restricted earnings account is not reflected in the statements.

REEDER TOWNSHIP, MISSAUKEE COUNTY LAKE CITY, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	GE	NERAL FU	JND	ROAD FUND BUDGET STABILIZATION			TION FUND		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
<u>REVENUES</u>									
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 42,500	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$49,946	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
State Grants	0	0	81,351	0	0	3,307	0	0	0
Charges for Services	0	0	2,870	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest and Rents	0	0	1,998	0	0	0	0	0	23
Other Revenues	0	0	651	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	0	0	129,370	0	0	53,253	0	0	23
EXPENDITURES									
Legislative									
Township Board	4,500	4,500	3,284	0	0	0	0	0	0
General Government									
Supervisor	8,000	8,000	8,271	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assessor	17,000	23,200	22,400	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clerk	11,000	11,000	10,006	0	0	0	0	0	0
Board of Review	2,000	2,000	1,525	0	0	0	0	0	0
Treasurer	16,000	16,000	18,648	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elections	1,500	1,500	5,021	0	0	0	0	0	0
Building and Grounds	4,000	4,000	2,012	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cemetery	800	800	625	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public Safety	21,000	21,000	14,706	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public Works	0	0	0	130,000	123,800	77,380			
Other Functions	9,000	9,000	7,945	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contingency	1,000	1,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	95,800	102,000	94,443	130,000	123,800	77,380	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	(95,800)	(102,000)	34,927	(130,000)	(123,800)	(24,127)	0	0	23
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1								
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	0	31,005	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	(31,005)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	(31,005)	0	0	31,005	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(95,800)	(102,000)	3,922	(130,000)	(123,800)	6,878	0	0	23
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	194,321	194,321	194,321	0	0	0	5,703	5,703	5,703
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$98,521	\$ 92,321	\$198,243	\$(130,000)	\$(123,800)	\$ 6,878	\$ 5,703	\$ 5,703	\$ 5,726

GENERAL FUND

BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2006

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 180,768
Taxes Receivable	5,282
Due from Other Funds	18
Due from Other Governments	18,315
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 204,383
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,983
Payroll Taxes and Withholdings	1,157
Total Liabilities	6,140
FUND BALANCE	
Unreserved	198,243
	.
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 204,383

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE</u> <u>BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u>

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

		BUD					
	OI	RIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	42,500	
State Grants		0		0		81,351	
Charges for Services		0		0		2,870	
Interest and Rents		0		0		1,998	
Other Revenues		0		0		651	
Total Revenues		0		0		129,370	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Legislative							
Township Board		4,500		4,500		3,284	
General Government							
Supervisor		8,000		8,000		8,271	
Assessor		17,000		23,200		22,400	
Clerk		11,000		11,000		10,006	
Board of Review		2,000		2,000		1,525	
Treasurer		16,000		16,000		18,648	
Elections		1,500		1,500		5,021	
Building and Grounds		4,000		4,000		2,012	
Cemetery		800		800		625	
Public Safety		21,000		21,000		14,706	
Other Functions		9,000		9,000		7,945	
Contingency		1,000		1,000		0	
Total Disbursements		95,800		102,000		94,443	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(95,800)		(102,000)		34,927	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out		0		0		(31,005)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(95,800)	_ 	(102,000)		3,922	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		194,321		194,321		194,321	
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$	98,521	\$	92,321	\$	198,243	

ROAD FUND

BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2006

ASSETS

Taxes Receivable	\$ 6,878
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</u> <u>LIABILITIES</u>	\$ 0
FUND BALANCE Reserved for Road Improvement	 6,878
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 6,878

$\frac{\text{ROAD FUND}}{\text{SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}$ $\frac{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	BUD		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 49,946
State Grant	0	0	3,307
Total Revenues	0	0	53,253
EXPENDITURES			
Public Works			
Highways, Streets and Bridges			
Other Services and Charges			
Repairs and Maintenance	0	0	2,677
Capital Outlay	130,000	123,800	74,703
Total Expenditures	130,000	123,800	77,380
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(130,000)	(123,800)	(24,127)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	0	0	31,005
Net Change in Fund Balance	(130,000)	(123,800)	6,878
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - End of Year - Deficit	\$ (130,000)	\$ (123,800)	\$ 6,878

BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND

BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2006

ASSETS

Cash

FUND BALANCE

FUND BALANCE

Reserved for Budget Stabilization

\$ 5,726

BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

REVENUES Interest and Rents	\$ 23
EXPENDITURES	 0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	23
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	 5,703
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 5.726

CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	BAL	ANCE					BAL	ANCE
	4/1/	2005	ΑD	DITIONS	DEI	DUCTIONS	3/31	/2006
CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND								
ASSETS Cash	\$	86	\$	743,731	\$	743,799	\$	18
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Funds	\$	86	\$	81,110	\$	81,178	\$	18
Due to Other Governments		0		662,621		662,621		0
Total Liabilities	\$	86	\$	743,731	\$	743,799	\$	18

STATEMENT OF 2005 TAX ROLL MARCH 31, 2006

TAXES ASSESSED		
County	\$ 192,009	
County - State Education Tax	155,120	
Township		
Operating	38,356	
Roads	49,946	
Schools		
Lake City Area Schools	154,590	
McBain Rural Agricultural School	93,322	
Intermediate School		
Wexford-Missaukee	154,353	837,696
TAXES COLLECTED		
County	128,663	
County - State Education Tax	144,968	
Township	,	
Operating	33,074	
Roads	43,068	
Schools	,	
Lake City Area Schools	130,283	
McBain Rural Agricultural School	81,760	
Intermediate School	,	
Wexford-Missaukee	133,099	694,915
TAXES RETURNED DELINQUENT		
County	63,346	
County - State Education Tax	10,152	
Township	10,132	
Operating	5,282	
Roads	6,878	
Schools	0,070	
Lake City Area Schools	24,307	
McBain Rural Agricultural School	11,562	
Intermediate School	11,502	
Wexford-Missaukee	21,254	\$ 142,781

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JONATHAN E. DAMHOF, C.P.A.

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JOHN F. TAYLOR, C.P.A. STEVEN C. ARENDS, C.P.A. SCOTT A. HUNTER., C.P.A.

Baird, Cotter and Bishop, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 7, 2006

LETTER OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

To the Township Board Reeder Township, Missaukee County Lake City, Michigan

During the course of our audit of the basic financial statements of the Reeder Township for the year ended March 31, 2006, we noted the following items:

Budgeting

The Public Act 621 states that the budget document that the Township adopts include the following financial information.

The actual results from the prior year

An estimate of the current year results

The proposed budget for the upcoming year

Amounts for contingencies, if appropriate

The amount of fund balance accumulated through the end of the current year, and the amount expected at the end of the upcoming year, after applying the budgeted revenues and expenditures.

The Township board is also responsible for amending the budget during the year to allow for expenditures in excess of original appropriations, or to reduce appropriations if it appears the actual expenditures will be much less that originally appropriated.

The adoption of the budgets for each fund should be clearly noted in the board minutes, as well as any amendments to the budget throughout the year. A budget that includes revenues and expenditures should be adopted each year for the General fund, Budget Stabilization fund and Road fund.

GASB 34

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement #34. We have assisted the Township with complying with the GASB 34 requirements of the State of Michigan and GASB. The financial statements are quite different as a result of this drastic change. We recommend the board review the new financial statements, and we are available to help explain the changes in detail, if needed.

General Recordkeeping

The accounting records for the year ended March 31, 2006, were found to be in good order and in compliance with the State's uniform accounting system. We would like to commend the Clerk and Treasurer for their fine job of recordkeeping.

We would like to thank the Board for its continued confidence in our firm and to thank the Township Clerk and Treasurer for their cooperation.

If you have any questions relative to the above comments and recommendations or other areas of your annual accounting, please feel free to call on us.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cotter & Bishop, P.C.

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M. WAYNE BEATTIE, C.P.A. 1902 - 1990 JACK H. BAIRD, C.P.A. JERRY L. COTTER, C.P.A. DALE D. COTTER. C.P.A.

Baird, Cotter and Bishop, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 7, 2006

JOHN H. BISHOP, C.P.A. ROBERT V. BEATTIE, C.P.A.

DOUGLAS P. McMULLEN, C.P.A.

JOHN F. TAYLOR, C.P.A. STEVEN C. ARENDS, C.P.A. SCOTT A. HUNTER., C.P.A. JONATHAN E. DAMHOF, C.P.A. MICHAEL D. COOL, C.P.A.

LETTER OF REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

To the Township Board Reeder Township, Missaukee County Lake City, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the Reeder Township, Missaukee County, Lake City, Michigan for the year ended March 31, 2006, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. However, we noted certain matters that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the organization's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the basic financial statements.

The relatively small number of people involved in the accounting functions of the Township make it difficult to adequately segregate duties. Segregation of accounting duties is a fundamental method of strengthening internal control. However, in deciding what internal control procedures should be implemented, the Board must consider the costs of implementing them and weigh those costs against the benefits to be derived from their implementation.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we believe that the condition described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and others within the organization. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of the report, which is a matter of public record.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cottle & Bishop, P.C.